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Pioneer Abstractor,
S. H. Cole, Surveyor and Notary Public.
Office in Court House.

THE DEMOCRAT.

ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFCEAS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER

KENTUCKY HOUSE.
W. E. & H. H. HEWETT, Prop's.
Are prepared to give first classaccommodation, and respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.
TERMS.
Per meal
Board and Lodging per day $ 25
" " " per week 1.00
" " " per month 4.00
When in the city give us a call. 10.00

VOL. 9. M'KINNEY, TEXAS, THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1892. NO 8.

Announcements.

General Election Nov. 1, 1892.
Subject to the Democratic Party.

For County Judge:
L. C. Clifton.

For County Court Clerk:
John A. Walden.
Tom P. Williams.
W. C. Jones.
S. A. Chapman.
J. W. Waddill.
A. P. Carter.

For District Court Clerk:
Sam K. Rudolph.

For County Treasurer:
W. H. Taylor.

For County Attorney:
T. F. Mangum.
G. R. Smith.

For Sheriff:
A. W. Knighton.
J. L. Moulden.
Gab. Beck.

For Assessor of Taxes:
W. G. Barnes.
W. P. Bumpass.

For Commissioner, Precinct No. 1.
Mack Smith.
S. H. Fox.

For Justice of the Peace Precinct 1.
J. T. Andrews

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN.

Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. J. S. Weaver, pastor. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 9:30 a. m. ——— superintendent.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 7:30.

METHODIST.

Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:15 p. m.. Rev. J. A. Staff, pastor. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 9:45 a. m. ——— superintendent. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 7:30.

CHRISTIAN.

Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Elder Pritchett, pastor. Sunday school every Sabbath at 9:30 a. m. ——P. Harris, superintendent. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 7:30.

BAPTIST.

Preaching every Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:45 p. m.. Sunday school every Sunday morning at 9:45 o'clock. T. C. ———, superintendent.

County Officials.

M. G. Abernathy,	County Judge.
W. Smith,	County Attorney.
W. Keen,	County Clerk.
J. S. Phillips,	Sheriff.
John W. McKinney,	Tax Collector.
J. A. McLarry,	Tax Assessor.
T. H. Taylor,	County Treasurer.
J. P. Clardy,	County Surveyor.

Calendar of District, County and Commissioners Court of Collin County.

DISTRICT COURT: Hon. P. B. Muse, Judge.
Court convenes 1st Mondays in January and June of each year.
COUNTY COURT: M. G. Abernathy, Judge.
Court convenes for civil, criminial and probate business. 1st Monday in March; 3rd Monday in May; 4th Monday in July; 2nd Monday in Oct. and 2nd Monday in December of each year.
COMMISSIONERS COURT: Convenes 2nd Mondays in February, May, August and November of each year.
JUSTICE'S COURT at Plano: Convenes 4th Monday in every month.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. J. C. N. SMITH
Resident Dentist.
Price as low as first-class work can be done. Teeth extracted without pain. Office in Johnson Block.

H. L. Pearson,
Dental Surgeon,
Office north side square, over Aron's store. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of nitrous oxide gas.

J. A. Caldwell. I. E. Webb.
Caldwell & Webb,
McKINNEY, TEXAS,
Physicians & Surgeons.
Office over New Collin County Bank.
Dr. Webb can be found in his office day or night when not professionally engaged.
Dr. Caldwell's residence is on south Wilcox street.

Tower's Improved SLICKER
is Guaranteed Absolutely Water proof.
Will Not Peel Leak or Stick
All Improved Slickers have beside the Fish Brand TRADE MARK on every Coat
Soft Woolen Watch Out! Collar,
A. J. TOWER, MFR. BOSTON, MASS. Catalogue

IT WAS HORRIBLE.

MR. H. D. MARKHAM TELLS OF THE COTTON BELT WRECK.

A Full Account of the Awful Wreck—The Horrible Feeling of a Man Expecting Death.

Mr. H. D. Markham who has just returned from a trip north, relates the most thrilling experience of any man who has passed through a great calamity and still lives. Mr. Markham was a passenger from St. Louis coming home, and the train on which he was riding was the fated Cotton Belt train that went down in an awful wreck near Golden, Ark.

A Herald reporter called on Mr. Markham yesterday for the particulars of the wreck, which he gives as follows.

"I was on the train coming south, and was riding in the first coach when the accident occurred. When we got to Brinkley, the Memphis coach was attached to the train in the rear of the sleeper, making it the hindmost coach on the train. On account of the high water in the Arkansas river, we expected to go to the bridge over the river and be transferred there, across the water to Pine Bluff in a boat as the bridge was impassible. At Altheimer, where a branch road runs off from the main line to Little Rock, the train was backed up on a "Y" and the engine turned end for end and coupled to the rear end of the train to push us down to the point near Pine Bluff where we were to take the transfer to get into Pine Bluff. This was done in order to get the baggage car nearer the transfer and keep the engine out of the water. When the train got to Rob Roy, a small station north of the river, it was considered impossible to be transferred at that time. We waited there for several hours and while waiting the engineer of our train indulged freely in the use of beer, so that by the time we were ready to go back he was well tanked up. After several hours waiting, the conductor got orders to return to Brinkley, as it would be impossible to get to Pine Bluff. We started back to Brinkley, the same way we were before, with the Memphis coach next to the engine, the sleeper was the second coach back and the one I occupied was the third, with the baggage car in the rear. The engineer got order at Altheimer to take siding at Wabassacca, for a freight to pass our train. The engineer was too drunk to read the order and instead of taking the siding kept on his way. The passenger train was running at the rate of about thirty miles per hour and the freight at about twenty. They met on the bridge over Crooked bayou and five passenger coaches of the passenger train and three box cars from the freight were precipitated some twenty or thirty feet into the bayou.

"The first knowledge I had of the accident was an indistinct shock. M. H. Turner of Wolfe City, was on the train with me and I remarked to him that the coach was off the track; at that time I started to get up when I felt the coach falling. The next thing I knew we were in the bayou. The coach had fallen nearly upside down and there I was, standing on my head with my head thrust out of one of the ventilators in the top of the car. I tried to extricate myself, but my arms were pinioned and I discovered I was helpless. I felt the water around my head and ears and began to strangle; I thought I was a goner and gave up all hope. Mr. Turner, seeing my condition and being free, grasped me by the body and pulled me out. We then walked up to the rear of the car, forced the door and managed to scramble out to a place of safety.

"I want to tell you that in the two minutes I passed with my head out of that hole with the seething water boiling around my ears, filling my mouth and nostrils, and realizing that I was absolutely powerless to help myself, was an age. It was a horrible, awful feeling that must be worse than the death agony.

"When Mr. Turner and I got out in the open air and saw the wreck and ruin and heard the agonized prayers and pleadings of the people pinioned in the coaches buried under the water, I was filled with a feeling of horror that I never more want to experience. Men were praying, women wailing and pleading for help in tones of wild despair that would turn a man's hair gray to listen to it. The scene beggars description and no imagination, no matter how vivid, could paint the picture or tell the story as it really was.

"Those on the train who had not been hurt in the wreck, got together and we built a large bonfire out of the fuel we could obtain, to give us light. The night was dark and dismal and added more thrills of horror to the awful catastrope. As soon as possible we got to work rescuing the bodies of the dead and wounded. One lady we took out—a Mrs. Hudgins, the bride of a night before the wreck—was mashed and mangled into an almost shapeless mass, while there were others who were so badly mangled that they were beyond recognition. Those who were not killed by the fall of the car were drowned soon after the fall.

"The wounded were taken to Humphries, where they were placed in the hands of physicians who dressed their wounds.

"There were two people—H. M. Jenkins, of Flat Ridge, Va., and James Langley, of Memphis, Tenn., who were so seriously hurt that they cannot survive. Their names were not among those printed in the dispatches yesterday.

"My escape from death was miraculous, and but for Mr. Turner's timely assistance, I would now have been a corpse. I was, perhaps, the means of saving Mr. Turner's life—indirectly—when we started up the road he intended to go back in the Memphis coach and I persuaded him to stay in the coach with me. He went into the Memphis coach and brought his baggage in where I was, which was, no doubt, the thing that saved both our lives, as every person in the Memphis coach was killed."

Mr. Markham got off with a few slight scratches and bruises, beyond which he was not hurt.

Bill Nye Advertises His Cow.

"Owing to ill health I will sell at my residence in township 19, range 18 west according to government survey, one plush raspberry cow age eight years. She is a good milkster and not afraid of cars or anything else. She is of undaunted courage and gives milk frequently. To a man that does not fear death in any form, she would be a great boon. She is very much attached to her home (at present by means of a stay chain) but she will be sold to anyone who will agree to use her properly. She is one-fourth shorthorn and three-fourths hyena. I will also throw in a double barrel shotgun, which goes with her. In May she generally goes away somewhere for a week or two, and returns with a tall, red calf, with long wobbly legs. Her name is Rose and I prefer to sell her to a non resident."

Pistol and Shotgun.

GEORGETOWN, Tex., May 27.—Dan Brown and John Watson, landlord and tenant, living near Florence, in this county, fought a duel to-day with a pistol and a shotgun. When the smoke cleared away it was found that Watson had a hand mangled with a pistol ball and Brown had received a load of small shot in the body.

Hypocrisy Rank and Vile.

THE DEADLY PARALLEL.

The Raleigh (N. C.) Progressive Farmer draws the following parallel for the benefit of our democratic friends. Let every reformer cut it out and read it to his neighbor who is exercised over the St. Louis resolution:

Resolution of St. Louis convention:	Fifth plank of national democratic platform, adopted July 8, 1868:
"We demand that the government issue legal tender notes and pay Union soldiers the difference between the price of depreciated money in which he was paid and in gold."	"One currency for the people, the pensioner and the soldier, the laborer and the officer-holder, the producer and the bondholder."

The democratic press has been vehement in violent denunciation of the St. Louis pension resolution. Indeed, to read their philippics and to hear men in their savage assaults, one would conclude that the democratic party would suffer crucifixion before it would ever endorse "such an outrageous measure." Let the reader analyze the two parallel propositions above and try to discover the difference between them. There is no difference in the meaning. They are essentially the same thing. But there is a difference vast and wide, in the form and force of expression. The resolution of the St. Louis convention is simply the expression of individual opinion and is binding on no one. The other is the plain expression of principle, and is the fifth plank in the democratic platform, adopted and announced as a part of the platform, and was, therefore, binding on the whole democracy to vote for and support it, as it did do throughout the campaign of 1868, all over the country. Was there ever such blatant and disgusting hypocrisy? And yet these loud-mouthed demagogues profess not to understand why it is that the honest people of the country have lost confidence in them. Let the friends of reform clip out the fifth plank of the democratic platform and read it to the next demagogue he hears ranting about the Saint Louis resolution, and ask him to close his mouth. Ask him if he still stands on the democratic platform. If his party was right in 1868, ask him if it is not right to stand by it now. The bigest fools in the country today are those politicians who think the people are fools. Remember that the democratic party, in its national convention, July 4th, 1868, adopted as a part of its platform the pension measure, which they falsely assert is a part of the Saint Louis platform.

People's Party Speaking.

WEATHERFORD, Tex., May 26.—The people's party had a speaking last night at Olive Branch and were addressed by a Baptist minister who has just come out from Georgia to get the strength of the movement here. He asked them how strong they were in this county, and Mr. W. C. Brashears in answering him said they had over two thousand voters on their roll and expected to carry the county by a two-thirds majority. The county polled about thirty-eight hundred votes in the last election.

Drowned While Bathing.

VALLEY MILLS, Tex., May 27.—Miss Sue Brock, aged 15, was drowned in the Bosque river four miles below here yesterday. She and several other girls were in bathing. She from some cause got in deep water and the others not being able to give assistance, she soon drowned. Their cries soon brought help and in thirty minutes her body was recovered, but too late for resuscitation.

The Third party are organizing in this county. It is said 80 clubs have been organized. It is presumed they are the same old enemy, whom the democrats have been fighting for years.—Examiner.

Silver Convention.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—In response to a call issued April 23 for a national convention to "all who earnestly favor the restoration of free bi-metallic coinage in the United States," about 200 delegates assembled at noon to day in Concordia hall and were called to order by Gen. A. J. Warner, chairman of the national committee. In taking the chair Gen. Warner stated the objects sought to be obtained by calling together the silver men of the country. M. M. Parker, president of the Washington Board of Trade, delivered an address of welcome.

Judge Isaac B. Morris of Indiana was elected temporary chairman. Judge Morris spoke at some length upon the general subject of silver. Various committees were appointed and a recess was taken.

After recess for permanent chairman Gen. A. J. Warner of Ohio was elected. Addresses were made by ex Representative McGinnis of Montana, Representatives Bryan of Nebraska, Bartine of Nevada and Senator Stewart. The latter began by saying two hours before the senate, by majority of 8, had agreed to take up and discuss a bill providing for the free and unlimited coinage of silver. [Cheers.] "And," he continued, "we will press it to a vote. In the fight to-day some of our soldiers deserted but we will see who are our friends and who are our enemies, and if we can we will send it to the president and compel him to signify to the people of the country whether he is in sympathy with the gold trust or is willing to sign a bill for the emancipation of the whole American people." The senator opposed the proposed international mometary conference.

Another Democratic Official Steps Down and Out.

CALVERT, Tex., May 25.—The following card explains itself:

To the Democratic Executive Committee and the Democrats of the Fourteenth Senatorial District: I hereby tender my resignation as your chairman, elected by the democrats in convention assembled at Hearne in August, 1890, for the following reasons:

1. On account of the dictatorial proceeding of the chairman of the state executive committee in proscribing good democrats for having advanced views on the main question now before the people, in which every American citizen is vitally interested.

2. Under the leadership of the machine politicians the democratic party is being led away from the fundamental principles of democracy upon which our free institutions were founded, and delivered to the oppressive money and corporate powers which have corrupted its leaders and now control the party.

3. The democratic majority in the house of representatives was elected upon a free silver platform; they were therefore, pledged to the free coinage of silver, and in a corrupt and cowardly manner have repudiated their pledge and deceived the people by refusing even to allow the question to come to a vote.

4. The inconsistency of democratic policy in instructing delegates to vote for free and unlimited coinage of silver and at the same time to support the goldbug Grover Cleveland, who loaned the national banks $60,000,000 without interest and vetoed a bill for the relief of the starving people of Texas.

While the democratic party has always claimed to protect all individual rights, it has aided and abetted in allowing a few chartered classes to have a monopoly of the governmental power to issue and control the money which prices every individual's labor and product, and that, too, without legal power of redress or prevention.

Yours respectfully,
E. S. PETERS.

Colored Democrats.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 26.—A colored citizens' state democratic organization known as "The Cleveland State League," met here to-day. Charles L. Lansing, Jr., of Brooklyn, was named as temporary chairman. He said: "I appreciate this honor as of the highest significance when I remember this is the first convention of free American negroes openly and frankly called in the interest of Democracy. The committee on resolutions made a report. The platform in substance is as follows:

We believe that by the political division of their vote, the colored citizens will not jeopardize their advancement and future welfare, so long as it is founded upon their honest difference of opinion on vital questions of public policy, and so believing we hold that the greatest hope of prosperity for our citizens in common with all the people of the country lies in the triumph of the principles of the democratic party as evidenced by the wise, conservative and patriotic administration of President Cleveland and the state administration of Governors David B. Hill and Roswell P. Flower which has made it consistent for any colored man to say, "I am a democrat."

A resolution protesting against the present national administration for failing to give representation to the colored people upon the World's fair nation board was adopted.

After the adoption of the platform, adjourned.

Bowie People's Party.

BOWIE, Tex., May 24.—A primary convention of the people's party was held here Saturday. Judge Ford delivered the opening address, after which W. R. Lamb read the St. Louis platform and offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, that we favor a full county ticket, and that it be nominated by the people's party convention which meets at Montague June 4.

Dr. J. F. Elliott, J. M. Stillwell, J. P. Stallings, R. H. Danis, M. A. Husted, R. P. Blish, Judge Griffin Ford, W. R. Lamb, W. R. Chatham and J. W. Ringo were elected.

After the election of delegates much discussion was indulged in, and the convention adjourned to meet in Bowie with the local club which was organized here on the 7th. Over one-hundred names were enrolled on the club list in a few hours when it was formed.

Many old time-honored democrats who have done life time battles for the party have cast their fortunes with the people's party at this place, having lost faith and hopes with the democratic party because of its action on silver and other financial issues. Tariff bones will not do to throw to a thinking people any longer, relief must be had from oppression.

Snap Shots.

[Dallas News.]

Home is the rallying point of woman. It is there that she is strong with the broom.

The vanity of human nature is the devil's harp.

A new broom does not necessarily sweep clean. It does not necessarily sweep at all. These are important facts to teach your girls it you wish to make them industrious and cleanly.

It is wrong to get into the soup if you can avoid it, but after you get into it go to the bottom of it and get the oysters.

"So you want to know where flies come from do you, Lucullus? Well, the cyclone makes the house fly, the blacksmith makes the fire fly, the carpenter makes the saw fly, the driver makes the horse fly, the grocer makes the sand fly, and the boarder makes the butter fly."

TRADE MARK.
THE CLAIRETTE SOAP
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO. St. LOUIS

In Hard or Soft Water this Soap works so well, that Women want NO OTHER.

For Complete and Accurate Printed Abstracts of Title call upon
M. H. BYRNE.
He and his office force devote their entire time to that business. He has the most elaborate and complete Abstract Books in the county. Also, if you want MONEY on the Installment plan at LOW interest, M. H. Byrne can give you the best of TERMS.
Call and see him at his office on the east side of the Public Square, McKinney, Texas. may-19-1yr.

A. T. WILSON, J. E. WILSON, T. M. WILSON
A. T. Wilson & Co
Confectioners, Grocers and Proprietors
—OF THE—
STAR RESTAURANT.
No. 18 West Louisiana Street, Bingham Block,
Respecfully solicits your patronage
BOARD AND LODGING, PER DAY.....$ 1.00
" " " " WEEK..... 4.00
" " " " MONTH..... 15.00
Meals, any hour between 6 a. m. and 8 p. m., for 25 cents.

Tonsorial Parlors.
J. W. BRADLEY, Proprietor.
Nothing but first-class artists employed.
Hot and cold baths always ready.
Southeast Corner Square.

—TO THE—
Farmers of Collin County.
The undersigned have opened up an Implement House in McKinney and handle
B. F. AVERY & SONS GOODS.
We take this method of informing you that we are in the market and desire a share of your patronage.
BRISTOL & PORTER,
Old Postoffice Building, McKinney, Texas.

J. & C. FISCHER
HAVE MANUFACTURED
Over 90,000 Pianos
WILL A. WATKIN MUSIC Co.,
269 Main Street,
Dallas, - - - - - - Texas.
Pianos, Organs, Guitars, Banjos Etc.
Write for Prices and Description of "Our New Improved Guitars."

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CAPITAL and SURPLUS - - $125,000.
Buys and sells exchange on the principal cities in Europe. First-class paper discounted.
DIRECTORS: Francis Emerson, T. T. Emerson, T. H. Emerson Jno. L. Lovejoy, C. H. Welch,
Business hours—9, a. m. to 4 p. m,

The "CHANCELLOR" BREWSTER SIDE BAR BUGGY
Absolutely the BEST BUGGY for the money ever placed on the market.

Has No. 1 machine buffed full leather top and back curtain, a great improvement over the old style. Brewster fastener on back stays, Rubber Storm Apron, silver plated joints, silver plated bead around boot, silver plated Seat Handles, silver plated Dash Rail, silver plated Hub Bands, Sarven Patent Wheels bolted between every spoke, furnished with our patent fifth wheel, by which king bolt does'nt pass through the axle. In workmanship and finish it can not be duplicated in the market and supplies a long felt want for a full trimmed buggy at a moderate price. Write for Special Prices.
We carry over 500 Vehicles in stock of all kinds, and are Headquarters for Harness. We also carry a full stock of HAY PRESSES, BALING TIES, SWEEP AND SULKY RAKES, MOWERS, THRESHERS, TRACTION ENGINES, SORGHUM MILLS AND EVAPORATORS. WRITE US FOR YOUR WANTS. ADDRESS
PARLIN & ORENDORFF CO.,
DALLAS, TEXAS.

THE DEMOCRAT.

EDITED AND PUBLISHED

By F. C. Thompson.

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One Year,	$1.50
Eight Months,	1.00
Six Months,	75
Three "	40

Our Advertising Rates.

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1-inch single column	12.00

Local notices, 7 cents per line for each insertion. Obituaries of more than 10 lines will be charged for at our usual rates.

All contracts will be charged for in proportion to the above.

Address,

DEMOCRAT PUB. CO.,
McKinney, Texes.

THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1892.

THE "12th" plank flew up and hit some fellow in the face.

THE Farmersville Times has changed hands and will now be managed by James W. Crayton.

A CYCLONE swept in and around Wellington Kansas last Friday, killing and wounding several persons and damaging property to the amount of $500,000.

FRIENDS of reform should keep a scrap book and place in it all choice reform literature which will enable them to successfully refute many of the wholesale false assertions being made by the enemies.

CHAS. T. BONNER has filed a damage suit against Gov. Hogg for $50,000. The actionable words complained of, is that, during his speech at Bonham, the Governor referred to Bonner, as a "professional liar."

Men talk about a 99c dollar, a 70c dollar, and a "dishonest" dollar when you could not get one of their standard silver dollars from them for a fraction less than 100 cents, even if you offered them gold. Nonsensical balderdash is one thing—buiness another.—New Forum.

OUR representatives have a political hand book published by a California man from which they quote the "12th" plank as part of the platform. We will publish the platform again next week as issued by the executive committee of the St. Louis convention, also a letter from the secretary of said meeting in which the "12th" plank is proven beyond a coubt to be only a seperate resolution offered before the convention.

A Stand Off.

The Third party are organizing in this county. It is said 80 clubs have been organized. It is presumed they are the same old enemy, whom the democrats have been fighting for years.—McKinney Enquirer.

The straight democrats are organizing in this county. It is said 80 candidates have been "organized." It is presumed they are the same old "Third termers" the mugwumps have been fighting for years.

Friendly Criticism.

We regret very much to see fellows standing around on the streets and constantly indulging in abusing their political opponents. Whether you are a "Mugwump" or a "straight-jacket," you should be courteous in expressing yourself. Remember that life is too short to be engaged in creating wounds, besides you can never make a convert by abuse. Another disagreeable feature in all political campaigns is, all political parties have some over zealous speakers, who are ready to declare that if the ideas laid down in their platform are not carried out war, with all its horrors will eminate. This is intensely wrong. The American people are disgusted with war and war talk except the battle of the ballots. Let us be interested in politics, local, state and national, but let us be optomistic—let us trust to the good judgment of an intelligent and patriotic people whose future, we hope, is filled with untold blessings.

Wind and Rain.

PLANO, Collin Co. Tex., May 31.—The heaviest rain and wind storm of the season prevailed here this evening. The wheat and oat crop in this vicinity has been blown flat on the ground, which no doubt will injure it a great deal. Some few farmers had already begun to cut their wheat.

MAJOR JEROME C. KEARBY

FIRES THE FIRST GUN FOR THE PEOPLE'S PARTY.

He Charges the Democratic Party with Substituting Passion for Principle—Paternal and Class Legislation.

[Dallas News, May 27, 1892.]

At 2 p. m. yesterday Major Jerome C. Kearby fired the opening gun of the people's party to an audience of 400 persons, principally Dallas county farmers, in the auditorium. Proceeding the major said:

I learn at the hotels, on the streets and through the press that we are having at this time in Texas a campaign without a precedent. I learn from every source that the people of this state are agitated beyond any like experience in its history, but whhen I stop to inquire for the cause of this I feel largely misled. If I go with the leaders of this agitation to the rostrum I do not find them discussing one single manly principle, one issue that affects the weal or woe of the vote of this great country, state or federal. [Applause.] I leave Texas going into its neighboring state and there I find the same thing—the prejudices of men being preyed upon. I go into Louisiana and I find neighbor against neighbor, confronting one another almost with the missiles of death in a local fight that they call political. In 1868, when I cast my first ballot, I was called upon to vote for Seymour and Blair upon a ticket that proclaimed reconstruction an evil and humiliating to our southern people. Around that ticket clustered all that was noble, honorable and manly in the southern states. A little further on that same southern organization, called the democratic party, asked me to support as its nominee Horace Greeley, of whom the only thing that could be favorably said was that he had gone on Jeff Davis' bond. A little further on, I was told by this organization that we must figh tthe monster tariff and that the republicans demonetized silver and resumed specie payment, robbing the masses. A little further on, this same organization told us that it was the duy of congress to regulate commerce among the several states of the union; but that instead of doing so it had been regulating that duty to corporations and we ought to check, to fight them. A little further on we were told by the same organization that national banks were a gross violation to American personal liberty which our forefathers had denounced, and yet I pick up a bill to day that does not bear the American eagle nor the signature of a government officer at Washington city. No, it bears the signature of John Smith, president of the First national bank of New York city. Our friends then told us that we must continue the fight until we drove the national banks out of existence. What do they tell us to-day? The old leper has only fifteen years to live and we must sit up with her, nurse her and let her die a natural death. [Applause.] I have been told since the day that silver was demonatized that it was a cardinal virtue of the democratic party to remonetize it and that that party favored the free an unlimited coinage of silver, and yet a few weeks ago a democratic congress with more than a hundred majority smothered their pet infant to death. [Applause.] Those people now want you to go into the national convention and there stifle your manhood by nominating the most pronounced enemy of silver that this country has ever brought forth. [A voice—That shows their loyalty to the people.] What means this among our southern people? Have we a political principle? Has not our country been organized on negations? We have simply been fighting republicanism; we, too, have been fighting everything that was progressive; we have been appealing to the passions of the human heart to keep in power a class of pigmies that dishonor the graves of a Clay, a Calhoun, a Jefferson and a Jackson. [Applause.] Name one man to-day from the south who can do honor to these men? Not one. Thirty or forty years ago the intelligence, manhood and patriotism of the south dominated this government, shaping its policies and giving it a distinction that received recognition among the civilized powers of the globe. Why can we not now point to a living Jefferson, Jackson, Clay or Calhoun? We still live in the same southern country with all the ripening influences of its climate over mind and matter, and with the same blood coursing our veins; but we do not produce the same men, and why? Because the normal action of the political mind has been diverted into abnormal channels. We have not a live issue. We have been invited to feed on prejudice. We have been told that our main duty was to defeat and damn the republican party, and we measure our passion by our brutal majority. Has it not occurred to you that Massachusetts changes her politics? Has it not occurred to you that bleeding Kansas once in awhile will go prohibition, once in awhile republican and once in awhile will recognize the farmers' alliance [applause], while Texas congratulates herself over a brutal majority of 200,000 regardless of the consequences to her people. [Applause.] On visiting Massachusetts, for which soil and climate have done so little, I found myself confronted with the most comfortable class of farmers, aided with the most splendid equipments, with a church and schoolhouse on every hillside. I found there the farmers well to do, with profitable employment for their surplus population in their factories; but I come back here, where nature has done so much for the agricultural masses, and I find our people complaining that they can hardly pay their taxes. [A voice—You are stating solid facts, major.] When you hear that Kansas is being agitated politically you may listen for something to drop, but when you hear that politics are being agitated in Texas you may fold up your arms and await the usual brutal majority. Such is the consequence where prejudice is seated on the throne of reason. [Applause.] A hothouse never grew strong muscles, and in the purlieus of political bigotry was never developed a great man. Why have we not men in political life from Texas like Sam Houston, to whom the nation listened when he spoke? [Applause.] Why has not Kentucky got her Clay, whose death made nations weep? Prejudice has smothered out the growth of such statesmen and has grown pigmies instead of giants. There is no use to talk of any other but the democratic party in this country. It is the only organization that can control the state and county governments. If the condition of affairs in Texas in public and private life is satisfactory, that party should be continued in power, but if we have been feasting upon prejudice instead of upon principle, and if the organization simply means a fight by the outs against the ins then indeed we are worse than pliant tools. [Applause.] I have never in my life had an instinct that was not democratic; I do not know anything else and I never lived anwhere or learned anything that would teach me to the contrary, but I do know that early in my manhood I learned not to accept democratic teachings from the machine workers as legal tender. At the first democratic convention I ever attended the hair stood straight up on my head when I heard Coke portray how badly we were being oppressed by the national banks, and I went home swearing eternal vengeance against them. You may go to one of the schools in which political economy is taught and ask the boys what are the cardinal principles of the democratic party. One of them will answer: "Opposition to the national banks," and another sharp little fellow will put his finger on his nose or holler "Chestnuts." Another will say, "free coinage of silver," and a sharp little fellow will answer "Rats!" [Laughter and applause.] Our democratic friends show no disposition to reform; but when the farmers' alliance get together and say that something is wrong, I believe they are honest in their belief and entitled to be heard. When all the shoemakers of the country get together and say there is something wrong, I believe and say there is something wrong, I believe their charge should arrest my attention. The right to petition against grievances or wrongs is guaranteed to every body in this country. The democratic party, in so far as it has spoken up to this date on grievances complained of has without investigation declared against the recommendations of the farmers. And who are they that are allaying the passion engendered by the war that reason may resume its sway? It is not the politician who stands on the street corner denouncing yankees. He is not carrying a bucket of water to the fire. When we read in the public prints that the farmers of Kansas and Texas, meet, shake hands, discuss their grievances and get together on a common platform, we cannot fail to feel that a power of reconciliation, reform and national development are at work. [Applause.] And I do say that in this way the farmers' alliance has done more to restore this government to its primitive purity than all the politicians from Maine to Mexico.

Both the candidates for governor have repeatedly told the people that the subtreasury plan or any other plan like it was a delusion and a snare. They say: "It is class legislation, it is paternal, it has a tendency to inflate the currency, to cripple enterprises, depreciate property values and it will ultimately result in repudiation." They add that this country has no right to issue money to be used by the people or by any class of the people; that the government ought not go into the pawn-broker or loan business because it is undemocratic and anti-republican. In the next breath Hogg will tell the country: "I want to loan the school money to the railroads" and Clark will hop up and say, "That's a swindle. I want to loan it to the farmers on their lands." [Laughter.] Don't you know that they can not be sincere when they tell you Texas can do that which they deny to the federal government the right to do. If it is a crime for the federal government to establish warehouses and loan money, how much greater is the crime for Texas to loan money that does not belong to her? [Applause.] They want to take the money that belongs to your children and to mine, and one of them proposes to loan it to railroads and the other to farmers—not on wheat and cotton, but to the land-owning farmers. [Laughter.] Is not that paternal? Is the subtreasury more paternal? Now there are but two principles in our form of government. One is paternal; the other is repressive. There is not a legislative policy, not a legislative administration, which has ever gone into history that has not been characterized with either of those principles. Lincoln's administration was peculiarly repressive; and other administrations have been peculiarly paternal. The government that established free schools is paternal; the government that protects you against the murderous assaults of the assassin is paternal; the government that aids you in manufacturing goods is paternal; the government that permits whisky men to store their goods in warehouses and takes care of it for three years, suffering the owners not to pay revenue on it while it increases in value from 10 to 20 per cent., is paternal. Supposing the subtreasury is paternal, are there not things in government that becomes as unassailable in politics as do adjudications by your supreme court become unassailable in law? Precedent fixes principles. Let us discuss paternal and class legislation. As regards class legislation, all government are governed by majorities and whenever a majority favors anything it ceases to be class. Class interests are organized outside of majorities. Majorities include the whole, and so a majority can never become a class. If the 14,000,000 or 15,000,000 farmers who are clamoring for legislation should receive it, they being in the majority, it would not be class legislation. [Applause.] It seems to me that the national banking system is a little paternal. I do not hear of any republican kicking against it, and by common consent we have agreed to nurse that old invalid. I believe the demonetization of silver was class legislation. There was $350,000,000 of silver in circulation on the night that congress demonetized silver, and of that amount $345,000,000 was held by the people. The next morning every dollar of it had shrunk 20 cents, making $69,000,000 out of which the people were knocked. Did not the banks have some warning? There was no Thermopylæ there. Our democratic friends boast that they remonetized silver. The democrats had a clear majority of the house in 1874. Did anybody offer a resolution to remonetize it? No. In 1875? No. In 1876? No. And all this time silver was not legal tender for any purpose. Finally within the forty-five days it took congress to remonetize it $327,000,000 of it found its way to thirteen banks in New York and they made over $60,000,000 by the transaction. Congress legislated into the hands of the banks. [a voice—shame!] And yet democrats will tell you that the subtreasury is paternal.

The speaker in futher instancing cases of paternalism pointed to where the government had loaned Philadelphia, New Orleans and Chicago large sums of money to get up celebrations. Philadelphia refused to pay back, alleging that the government had no right to become a pawnbroker. The case was taken to the supreme court of the United States and it decided that the government did have the right to loan money. Democrats voted for those loans, but when the farmers ask the government to issue certificates (to be canceled as their warehouse products is sold) to protect them against manipulators and speculators these democrats cry out, "Paternalism." [Applause.] Pennsylvania, North Carolina, South Carolina, Maryland, Massachusetts, every one of the old states have in their history established warehouses where were received the cotton, the wheat and the vegetables of the farmers on which money was issued the people with which they paid their debts, married their daughters and supported their preachers. [Applause.] In Maryland today you will find houses in which tobacco is deposited with the government and on which the government issues its certificates. [A voice—What would you do with the school fund?] I would not loan it to the railroads or to the farmers. I would not hoard it up. I would educate with it every child in this state, giving him twelve months' schooling in the year and six hours in the day, thereby producing a thinking, enlightened citizenship, with all the benefits to society and civilization that such a condition would entail. [Applause.] What does the subtreasury contemplate? The strongest friends of the present financial policy of this country claim that there is a billion dollars in circulation and extremists on the other side claim that the circulation only amounts to $5 per capita. I will take the former estimate for the sake of argument. There are three great sources of wealth—commerce, manufactures and agriculture. All these sources of wealth are operated on a circulation of a billion dollars. The manufacturers run their spindles twelve months in the year and their product is constantly going to market. The farmers, product must find a market from October to December, and it is worth $7,000,000,000. Now if there is any man before me who does not believe that agriculture is largely dominated by the money power he is fit to be put in a strait-jacket. Of the billion dollars 30,000 people own a third, 40,000 people own more than half, 60,000 people own more than two-thirds, and 60,000,000 of this country own less than 12 per cent. From this you can contemplate the magnitude of the corners that can be made by the holders of the wealth of the nation. When you begin to market your products this money is not here and we have to buy it back here. [Applause.]

Continuing, the speaker argued that this state of affairs could be cured by a subtreasury system that would issue certificates say of 80 cents on the dollar of imperishable products and the disastrous condition of affairs, which he claimed to exist, be thereby prevented. Pursuing this line of argument he predicted direful forebodings of the state of the country when its productiveness will have increased should the currency system remain unchanged. His speech throughout was heartily applauded.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

A Stampede.

The peoples party in Texas is giving the bosses lots of trouble. Leading democrats are leaving their old party like rats from a sinking ship. The effort to harmonize about thirteen kinds of democrats in that State is unsuccessful. The people's party is their only home, and they are flocking to it from Gog to Magog. It now looks like Robber Queer Mills will not be able to retain his seat in the Senate only for the short term. Send the news to McKinley and let the country witness another exhibition of hugging.—The Forum.

ARSENIC AND AMMONIA.

Remarkable Contrast in the Effect of Two Poisons on the Complexion.

The slow absorption of many poisons changes in some more or less modified form the complexion, but arsenic and ammonia show their effect about as quickly as any. The popular belief that arsenic clears the complexion has led many silly women to kill themselves with it in small, continued doses.

It produces a waxy, ivory-like appearance of the skin during a certain stage of the poisoning, but its terrible after effects have become to well known to make it of common use as a cosmetic.

The effects of ammonia upon the complexion are directly the opposite to that of arsenic. The first symptom of ammonia poisoning which appears among those who work in ammonia factories is a discoloration of the nose and forehead. This gradually extends over the face until the complexion has a stained, blotched, and unsightly appearance. With people who take ammonia into their systems in smaller doses, as with their water or food, these striking symptoms do not appear so soon. The only effect of the poison that is visible for a time is a general unwholesomeness of the complexion.

Many people are slowly absorbing ammonia poison without knowing it. The use of ammonia in the manufactures has greatly increased of late, and it is unquestionably used as an adulterant in certain food preparations. Official analysis have plainly shown its use even in such cheap articles of every day consumption as baking powders. The continued absorption of ammonia in even minute quantities as an adulterant in food is injurious not merely from its effect upon the complexion, but because it destroys the coating of the stomach and causes dyspepsia and kindred evils.

Professor Long of Chicago, is authority for the statement that if to fifty million parts of water there is one part of ammonia, the water is dangerous.

If you wish to get value received during 1892, take The DEMOCRAT.

Grand Removal Sale,
WHICH MEANS A
GREAT SACRIFICE IN PRICES,
and more goods for the money than ever offered before.
WE WILL REMOVE TO OUR
New Handsome Three Story Brick Building,
South East Corner of the Square,
About July 1st,
And from June 1st until our removal, we will make Great Sacrifices in Prices in order to reduce our stock, that we may have as little to remove as possible.
Remember Your Opportunity is Now
You'll believe it when you visit our store and ask our prices.
Your Freedom,
Your Own Free Choice
Your Pick and Fancy,
FOR THE ENTIRE MONTH OF JUNE,
Not a Style Reserved,
Not an Article withheld,
But all Offered at SACRIFICING PRICES.
We submit to the Cash Buying Public, this sale and list of prices and can guarantee them as representing more actual worth, offered for less money than can be found in any retail house, North or South, East or West.
EVERY ITEM A BARGAIN. EVERY BARGAIN A GEM.
Bring your families. Now is your time.
Barkley & Harris.

A STRAW MAN.

The Twelfth Plank—Clevelands Record.

Editor Democrat:

The furious way in which the tools of plutocracy are attacking the alleged twelfth plank in the St. Louis platform shows the desperate straits to which these politicians are reduced. Finding nothing in the platform proper, against which they could make a single sound argument, they take up a separate resolution and by missrepresentation try to work upon the prejudices of the people to further their political schemes.

Well, what about the twelfth plank, or the soldier resolution? In the first place the St. Louis platform is not the "third party" platform or any other party platform, but the demands of the confederated industrial organizations, and the republican or democratic parties have as much right to incorporate them in their platforms as has the people's party. The platforms upon which these parties will go before the people in the coming campaign will be adopted at Minneapolis, Chicago and Omaha and not before. If this soldier resolution, or the so called twelfth plank is placed in the democratic platform it will not be for the first time. It is noble and patriotic for the democratic party to vote pensions to widows of deceased generals and throw out bait to catch the old soldier vote, but a crime for any other party to want to do an act of justice to the soldier.

The resolution asking congress to issue legal tender paper money to the soldiers and make good the amount out of which they were defrauded in the interest of the bondholders was passed by the industrial conference (and I believe unanimously) and has never been denied. But it was not placed in the platform and has never been so claimed by any of our leaders north or south. The whole scheme to fasten this plank upon the people's party, and by making people believe it would increase taxation, make it odious to the south and save the Bourbon machine, was hatched in the editorial rooms of the St. Louis Republic.

Goldbug Cleveland, who boasted that he had signed more private pension bills than all his republican predecessors put together, engineered the scheme.

The Republic published the proceedings of the conference on the 25th, giving the platform without the "twelfth plank." It republished it on the 27th, giving the resolution, named as a part of the platform. Recently it again published the platform entirely different in wording in some of its parts from which it had formerly published it, and giving the soldier and suffrage resolutions as the twelfth and thirteenth planks. One of its readers took it severely to task for garbling facts in such a manner, and in trying to explain matters, Jones has gotten himself into a corner and now says it should come in as the 7th plank instead of the 12th, and admits it was only a resolution but says that as resolutions passed by a convention must be a part of their platform, whether they so desire or not.

The Collin county third termers may get themselves into the same corner if they do'nt watch, and that might spoil that little "bustin job" they have undertaken. That is the whole thing in a nut shell gentlemen. If you want to make a straw man, and pitch into him all right, but be assured that the "boys from the forks of the creek" will be more profitably employed meanwhile.

E. C. FORBES.

Doctor: "My dear madame, there is nothing the matter with you—you only need rest." "But Doctor, look at my tongue!" Needs rest too, madame."—Fliegende Blatter.

Marion Harland's Endorsement OF Royal Baking Powder.

[Extract from Marion Harland's Letter to the Royal Baking Powder Co.]

I regard the Royal Baking Powder as the best manufactured and in the market. It is an act of simple justice and also a pleasure to recommend it unqualifiedly to American housewives.

Marion Harland.

For sale in McKinney by FOX & LOVE and other leading dealers.

...n and Texas Central Railway Time Table.

North,	No. 13	Arrives	5:35 a. m.
"	" 3	"	9:35 a. m.
"	" 2	"	8:38 p. m.
South	" 2	"	8:30 a. m.
"	" 4	"	4:45 p. m.
"	" 14	"	9:11 p. m.

East Line Rilroad.

.....12:30 p. m.
.....1:40 p. m.

LOCAL NEWS.

...ook out for "McKinney of ...y", by James M. Allen.

...cKinney has a fine electric ..., and yet she fails to keep ...t lights.

...e are not going to let up ...ing about paved streets, ...ing racks, etc.

...ssrs. Clarence and Dr. ...er, of Altoga, were in the ...last Monday.

...T. C. Reedy, of Bonham, ...be in McKinney, on Mon- ...and Tuesday, June 13 and ...

...avy rains fell here last ...day evening, which it is ...ght will do some damage ...ops.

...iss Edna Burks visited ...ds in the White's Grove ...borhood last Saturday ...Sunday.

...r young friend J. W. Wil... has returned from Cor..., Ark., where he has been ...ding school.

...d. R. C. Horn will preach ...the Christian church in Mc...ney next Sunday, June 5th, ...h morning and night.

...r. George Wilcox left last ...k for a trip to New York ..., via. Galveston, where he ...k a steamer for the big city.

...he democratic convention ...ened here last Monday to ... Lampassas convention. ...e Hoggites seemed to be in ...majority.

...Barkley and Harris will re... to the handsome new ...ding on the southeast cor... of the square about July 1st ...t.

...John P. Hunter served with ...n. Henry E. McCulloch du... the war and declares him ...be a perfect gentleman and ...servative in politics.

...One darkey caught another ...key in his "smoke house" ...t Saturday night and pro...ded to knife the intruder— ...ing a long gash on his head.

...Last Monday was decoration ...J. Elsworth Post No. 18 ...propriately observed the ...y. The banks and post office ...e closed owing to it being a ...ational legal holiday.

...The Rowlett people's party ...b met last Wednesday night, ...d received five new members ...aking nov 27. Prof. C. F. ...tter and a Mr. Cartwright ...dressed the club.

...C. S. Majors, of Dallas, stop... at the Willis hotel last ...nday night. When morning ...rived he discovered that some ...e had entered his room and ...cked his pockets of $25.

...Prof. J. B. Dodson and Miss ...ora Wilson were joined in ...arriage last evening at the ...ethodist church in this city, ...the presence of a large con...urse of friends. The DEMO...AT extends congratulations ...the happy pair.

☞Bird cages at the Nickle ...tore.

John Biggs, a peddler, reported that he had been held up the other night by two masked highwaymen, about three miles north of McKinney, and robbed of $85. Nothing has been learned as to the facts in the case.

Harry Tracy spoke at Farmersville last Saturday and was answered by Messers. Abernathy and Evans. We looked in vain for a report of the speaking in the daily papers. We learned from private sources that Tracy had matters pretty much his own way.

We believe that no man should be elected or appointed to an office who is dishonest in his private dealings. Do you know of any official who squanders his money in a questionable way and who does not meet his financial obligations? If so don't vote for that man again.

We regret to record the death of Oscar Spurgeon which occured at his home near Lucas last Monday morning at 7 o'clock. The deceased was just blooming into manhood. His aged and good father died only a few weeks ago. We extend our sympathy to the large circle of relatives and friends.

Mr. Allen is mee ing with great success in his canvas for our big special edition. Let all assist in the good work, for what benefits Mckinney benefits us, and it is our aim to make the special edition attract attention and the more help and encouragement we have the more it will show up. Let all join in.

BONHAM, Tex., May 28.—The Bonham and McKinney base ball clubs played at the fair grounds yesterday evening. A large crowd was out to witness the play. The score stood 21 to 4 in favor of Bonham. During the game two base hits by the Bonham nine were as follows: Kyle, Saunders, Nunn and Barnes.

We learn that Messers. Evans and Abernathy while sawing away on the 12th plank at Verona the other night struck a knot. A boy in the person of James Dorn answered these gentlemen and put questions to them thick and fast and succeeded very successfully in placing them under a very embarassing condition. Young Dorn received the merited applause of the audience, while the eloquent lawyers withdrew, no doubt, with the conclusion that some things are hard to "bust."

The colored people's party club met last Saturday night and elected the following delegates to the county meeting: Henry Jennings, Henry Cooper, E. C. Chandler, Amos Cooper and Hirell Jordon. They indorsed the following state ticket; Governor Henry E. McCulloch, Lieut. Gov. H. S. P. Ashbey, Attorney-General Jerome C. Kerby, Supt. Pub. Instruction Thomas Gaines, Comptroller Harry Tracy Treasury Ward Taylor.

They Have a Bonanza

It seems the owners of Dr. Drummond's Lightning Temedy for Rheumatism have a Bonanza, as their remedy has never been known to fail in a single case. There is certainly room in the market for a medicine that will do what they claim for this wonderful preparation Although the price is $5 per bottle, if it does one-half claimed for it the price should be $100. If the druggist has not got it, the remedy will be sent to any address by prepaid express on receipt of price. Drummond Medicine Co., 48-50 Maiden Lane, New York. Agents wanted.

VAN ALSTYNE, Tex., May 31.—One of the heaviest rainstorms of the season this morning doing considerable damage to oats, corn and wheat. The orchards also suffered severely. During the storm lightning struck the store of Mr. C. C. McCorkle, going down the stovepipe and severely shocking two young men sitting by the stove.

Let us Reason.

If anyone who suffers from Rheumatism would stop and reason a moment before they decided to purchase some remedy, they could not help avoid any so-called cure that is sold for $1. Figuring the retailers, the jobbers, and the manufacturers' profit out of that solitary dollar, and there is left not over 20 cents for the medicine. Aside from its reputation, and the fact. Dr. Drummond's Lightning Remedy appeals to one's good sense. The price is $5 per bottle and to anyone suffering from Rheumatism it is as cheap as it is good and effective. Sent to any address by Drummond Medicine Co., 48 50 Maiden Lane, New York. Agents wanted.

Judge Head Endorsed.

News was received here yesterday that Archer county had endorsed Judge Head for one of the appellate judgeships. Grayson, Red river and Collin counties had previously endorsed him and it seems that his boom is growing. No man in the state is better fitted for the position and the Register hopes and believes that Judge Head will win.—Sherman Register.

Tobacco and Liquor Habits Cured by Use of Dewdrop,

INCLUDING CIGARETTE SMOKING

The Habits of which Have Assumed Such Proportions as to Become a Malada of the Human Body and Nervous System.

DEWDROP destroys the desire for these growing evils, as it operates directly, when used, on the mucous membranes of the body by its specific effects on the vaso-moter nerve center, imparting to capillary blood vessels of every mucous surface a healthy tone and elasticity. Every organ of human body is eithered lined or covered by a mucous membrane, which affords a field of operation for this infallible remedy.

DEWDROP may be used in tea or coffee by the good wife or mother and without the patient's knowledge or consent, resulting in a permanent cure within thirty to sixty days, otherwise no charge. Price $1.50 per bottle.

For full particulars, address THE SOUTHERN COMPOUNDING COMPANY,
Dallas, Texas, U. S. A.

TESTIMONIALS.

This is to certify that I was cured of the tobacco habit of 40 years standing by the use of Dewdrop. I have now no desire for the weed.

J. D. ROBINSON.
Denison, Tex., April 1, 1892.

Two of my sons were inveterate cigarette smokers I put Dewdrop in their coffee for three weeks. They are not now found in the barn loft puffing the evil.

MRS. VIRGIE WRIGHT.
Mittle Rock, Ark., May 2, 1892.

Dewdrap saved my husband from filling a drunkard's grave.

MRS. JULIA SANDS,
Brownsville, Texas, February 8, 1892.

I used Dewdrop on my husband and cured him of both tobacco and whisky habit by putting the drug in his coffee for four weeks. He had been a constant drinker and chewer for 20 years.

MRS. SALLIE SMOOTE,
Nashville, Tenn., January 14, 1892.

I shall ever be thankful for Dewdrop. It cured my sons of cigarette smoking and my husband of chewing tobacco. I used it in their tea and they don't know to this good day why they don't like tobacco.

Mrs. ETTA SMITH.
Fulton, Arkansas, March 5, '92.

We have thousands of such testimonials, but space prohibits their use. Agents wanted. SOUTHERN COMPOUNDING CO.
Dallas, Texas.

☞Call at the Nickel Store and see the new goods.

Let us Reason.

If anyone who suffers from Rheumatism would stop and reason a moment before they decided to purchase some remedy, they could not help avoid any so-called cure that is sold for $1. Figuring the retailers, the jobbers, and the manufacturers' profit out of that solitary dollar, and there is left not over 20 cents for the medicine. Aside from its reputation, and the fact. Dr. Drummond's Lightning Remedy appeals to one's good sense. The price is $5 per bottle and to anyone suffering from Rheumatism it is as cheap as it is good and effective. Sent to any address by Drummond Medicine Co., 48 50 Maiden Lane, New York. Agents wanted.

Congressional Convention.

The chairman of the people's party has called a convention of the 5th congressional district, composed of Collin, Fannin, Grayson, Cooke, Denton and Montague, to meet at Denton, on June 17th, next, for the purpose of electing four delegates for each county, to the National convention at Omaha, Neb., July 4, 1892, also to nominate a candidate for congress. A delegate for every 300 votes cast in the last general election will be allowed from each county to the congressional convention.

GRAVE MISTAKE.

Physicians frequently make mistakes in treatment of heart disease. The rate of sudden deaths is daily increasing. Hundreds become victims of the ignorance of physicians in the treatment of the disease. One in four persons has a diseased heart. Shortness of Breath, Palpitation and Fluttering, Irregular Pulse, choking sensation, asthmatic breathing, pain or tenderness in side, shoulde, or arm, weak or hungry spells, are symptoms of heart disease. Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is the only reliable remedy. Thousands testify to its wonderful cures. Books free. Sold by Smith Bros. 6

Public Speaking.

W. E. Farmer will speak in defense of the people's party at Farmersville on June 2nd, and 3rd, at night. Also, at Prairie Grove, on June 4th, at night. R. C. Rhoades, also, will speak at Farmersville on June 9th and 10th, at night. All are invited.

☞Asbury & Padgitt keep on hands first class furniture at reasonable prices.

For Malaria, Liver Trouble, or Indigestion, use BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

The Following named gentlemen have our thanks for subscription paid since our last issue:

T. W. Franklin.
H. H. Hoskins.
W. H. Davis.
W. C. Mallow.

SHE COMMITTED SUICIDE.

MRS. F. C. CONE, at Paris, left this letter: "My husband—forgive me if I cause you trouble, but I suffer so. You do not know what these long, wakeful, wretched nights are to me, and I am so tired, darling—the pain will never be better. It is not easy to take my own life, but I have been sick so long. Goodbye, my husband, I love you—your wife." This is but one of thousands that gives up, instead of using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and being speedily cured of their wretchedness. Go to Smith Bros. drug store and get an elegant book and trial bottle free. 6

One-Hundred Per Cent Prevarication.

ALTUS, Okla., May 21, '92.
Editor Democrat:

I see in the papers a very exagerated report of the Greer county cyclone. It killed only four persons, but did considerable damage to houses and graineries, entirely destroying a few. Crops are hurt in the path of the storm, there being hail with the wind and rain.

Little towns in Texas, are very ready to give our mishaps multiplied by one-hundred, perhaps to stop the rapid immigration to Greer county.

S. J. DOBBS, M. D.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.
WEST & TRAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIF, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Testimonals sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

And The Subscribers Come Rolling In.

The Democrat Is The Favorite Among The Masses.

The following named gentlemen have subscribed since our last issue:

J. N. Gibson.
G. W. Puckett.
R. W. Walden.
R. R. Lafory.
G. W. McAfee.
J. T. Teel.
A. B. Omstead.
Wm. Phillips.
J. P. Jackson.
W. C. Wilson.
H. M. Hoskins.
J. B. Hipp.
D. L. Rollins.
T. J. Tankersly.
M. Streatman.
W. S. McWhiter.
L. N. Bates.
J. T. Curtis.
M. S. Allen.
A. Lisle.
Jefferson Shipman.
J. S. Shipman.
W. J. Shipman.
Jno. L. Aulman.
P. H. Roundtree.
A. C. Roundtree.
J. M. Recer.
D. R. Recer.
A. R. Recer.
Thos. Smith.
Ike Lemley.
Jack Glass.
J. L. Thomas.
D. L. Marrow.
Wm. Jones.
James Goddy.

From Altoga.

ALTOGA, TEX., May 23, '92.

Editor, everything working smoothly in the ranks of the peoples' party. We had a lively discussion here last Wednesday night. Brother Cameron opened the ball, he being chairman of the peoples' party club, then G. R. Smith came on the floor to preach democracy but was unable to explain the difference between a national bank and a postal savings bank, but just concluded that we had got our demands crossed, and said in one clause of our platform we wanted to abolish national banks, and in the next clause wanted to establish a national bank. Now, Mr. Smith you take a country hunk's advice and post yourself before you tackle the boys in which great wisdom abounds. We will give a few thought sou the third party, as was thrown at us by the man who calls his name County Judge, and who said we wanted to reform the government by a third party. Where did we get the third party name? We got it where we got it where we get all the dirt from our antagonists. We do not object to being called third party but we are the people's party. Where did we start from and how long have we been in existence? We have been in existence eyer since the Deity uttered the language, "in the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread till thou return unto the ground" then if Adam was not a laboring man there must have been a class of people not recognized in the bible. This carries us through the night. The morning light is breaking the darkness disappears, the sons of earth are waking with no doubt or fears.

Success to the DEMOCRAT.

A CHEROKEE.

You Should Know,

That the International and Great Northern Railroad, is the direct line to Austin, San Antonio, Corpus Christi, Rockport and Montery, the City of Mexico and other principal cities in the Republic of Mexico, via Laredo. It is also the strongest and quickest line between Houston and Galveston. Pullman buffet sleeping cars run through between St. Louis and Laredo without change. For tickets, folders, maps or other information, call on any ticket agent, or address, D. J. Price, A. G. P. A. Palestine, Texas.

Smith Bros.

Keep on hand fresh drugs, patent medicines of all kinds, Also toilet articles of any description; in fact, everything in the drug line. Call and see them, east side of the square.

If you feel weak and all worn out take **BROWN'S IRON BITTERS**

J. T. Branch, county alliance lecturer, will speak at the following times and places. Everybody cordially invited to be present. All lectures at night.

Melissa, Monday June	6
Star Point, Tuesday June	7
Roseman, Wednesday June	8
Elm Grove, at Independence Thursday, June	9
Gray Bill, Friday, June	10
Armstrong, Monday, June	13
Pike, Tuesday, June	14
Sellars, Wednesday, June	15
Blue Ridge, Thursday, June	16
Valdasta, Friday, June	17

How About This, as a Substitute For The "12th" Plank?

"That our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory against the most gallant and determined face, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution."—From democratic platform of 1868.

Appointments Withdrawn.

On account of sickness and high waters, J. T. Branch, is compelled to withdraw his appointments, namely: Graybill, May 30, Elm Grove, May 31; Armstrong, June 1; Pike, June 2; Richards, June 3; Sellars, June 4; Blue Ridge, June 6.

See new appointments in this issue.

Rainfall For May.

Rainfall of May '92, as kept by G. A. Wilson, McKinney, Texas.

May 2	6.
" 5	13.
" 6	1.11.
" 7	6.
" 8	1.51.
" 9	6.
" 15	1.87
" 17	37.
" 27	25.
" 31	2 11.
Total,	7.53.

Speak Quickly.

We want canvassers and salesmen with large country acquaintances to introduce and sell meritorious articles. Permanent situation, salary $75 to $100 per month cash, and expenses. For further particulars address at once,

SOUTHERN COMPOUNDING CO.,
june2-tf Dallas, Texas.

Marriage Bells.

The following marriage licenses have been issued by county clerk Keen, since our last report:

W. T. Jones and Laura Huston, Hardin Harris and Cora Finley, J. B. Dodson and Cora Wilson.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A marvelous cure for catarrh, diphtheria, canker mouth and headache. With each bottle there is an ingeni-nasal injector for the more sccessful treatment of those complaints without extra charge. Price 50c. Sold by R. E. Bristol.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

This is beyond question the most successful cough medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst case of cough, croup and bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10c, 50c and $1. If your lungs are sore, chest, or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by R. E. Bristol.

Answer This Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by indigestion, constipation, dizziness los of appetite, coming up of the blood, yellow skin, when for 75c. we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by R. E. Bristol.

On What a Cough.

Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50c., to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shilo's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million Bottles were sold the past year. It relieves croup and whooping cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest use Shio's Porous Plaster. Sold by R. E. Bristol.

HOGG NOR CLARK

—NOT IN IT, BUT—

Murphy, Perry & Co.

ARE DOING IT ALL RIGHT.

CLOTHING

At Half Price.

Anybody Can Wear a Suit.

Lots 1760, 6586, 7919, 2041, 1813, 1808, 3277, 1111, Eight lots of Beautiful Spring Clothing, silk faced and all wool, that you can't buy anywhere less than $10; now going at $5.

Lots 1228 and 6642, Two lots, good value and cheap at $12.50; they go at $7.50.

Lots 5791, 5376, 5797, Three lots of Sacks and Frocks, cheap at $15; must go at $8.50.

Lots 1508, 3600, 6010, 497, 8760, 3744, 472, 5813, 4014, 433, Ten lots, very Fine Goods, and worth from $15 to 25; will close out at $10 per suit.

Lots 115, 8644, 6691, 6692, 8600. All Worsted Pants, are cheap at $6.50; we now offe at $5.

Lots 447, 6850, 448, 5618, 6714, Beautiful Cassimere and Worsted Pants, very cheap at $5.00; now $3.75.

Lots 8523, 8517, 8507, Three lots of $8.00 and 7.50 Pants; now **$6.00.**

Lot **7664,** One lot Plaid Pants, reduced from **4.00** to **$3.00.**

These are unquestionably the greatest bargains ever offered in CLOTHING. We are overstocked and our Clothing must be sold, and above prices will hold good until lots are closed out.

Murphy, Perry & Co.,

LEADERS IN LOW PRICES.

McKinney, - - Texas.

We Want no Kings.

Go where I will, I feel a sound
Like sullen thunder shake the ground,

And as I listen, half in fear,
The sound swells louder and more near.

A sound of protest from the throngs,
Grown weary from their cruel wrongs.

Again I listen; thrilled and stirred,
I catch its purport word for word.

As loud and louder yet it rings—
"We want no Kings, we want no Kings!"

The world has grown too wise and old
The monarchs with their crowns of gold

And commerce has too many ports
For noblemen to mince through Courts.

Humanity has grown too wide
To let us now for Queens provide.

Too weighty issues are at hand
To maintain Princess in the land.

And thoughts has grown too bold and free
To let us longer bend the knee

To any man, unless he fights
For Justice, Truth and common rights,

The rights of labor to its hire—
The rights of toilers to aspire

To something better than befalls
The burdened oxen in their stalls;

The right of all paid slaves to rise
Against all crowned Monopolies.

That rob the tillers of the soil
Of honest proceeds of his toil!

That steal the poor man's flour and sack
And grind him, till he buys them back

At twice their value. Down, we say,
With these false Kings who rule to-day.

With Freedom's voice the welkin rings
"We want no Kings, we want no Kings!"

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

Halt!

[New York World, Dem. Organ.]

Are the democrats of the House of Representatives mad? Or have they submitted themselves to the control of political imbeciles?

Upon no theory of sanity and sense can their recent course be explained.

For days in succession, with a majority of 150, they permitted their quorum to be broken by a horse race. As though the faithlessness of inattention to duty were not bad enough, they reassembled in force only to enter upon a carnival of extravagance.

It is time for a halt.

The men who are making this record are betraying and in danger of destroying their party.

We tell these heedless hotheads plainly that if this country is to have a succession of Billion Dollar Congresses they should be and they will be republican.

The democrats of the Union have no use for a congress that will imitate and even exceed the extravagance which it was elected to reform.

We tell them further that if they do not halt and retrace their steps they will be almost certain to throw the next Presidency into the waiting laps of the jeering and exultant republicans.

Do they not see, or do they not care, that they are passing bills one day to reduce taxes and revenue and passing bills the next day to pile up expenditures, a republican deficit is already impending.

Do they not perceive that the issue of a deficiency, if raised by a party of economy, will be more effective in the Presidential campaign than even the worse-than-wasteful Billion Dollar Congress or the war-in-peace tariff or the Force bill?

How can the democratic rank and file meet this issue if their House leaders squanders the squander and squanders instead of cutting appropriations [illegible] if, they propose [illegible] the appropriations [illegible] \$100,000,000, as promised, they increase \$50,000,000—passing the half Billion high-water mark at the first session?

If there be not an instant halt and a complete about-face in the House, the Chicago convention may as well not meet.

National Editorial Association.

San Francisco, Cal., May 27.—The National editorial association elected the following officers: President, Walter Williams, Columbia, Mo., second vice president, J. H. Knapp, Auburn, N. Y.; third vice president, J. H. Duke, Scobia, Mo.; corresponding secretary, J. M. Page, Jerseyville, Ill.; recording secretary, Wm. Kennedy, Chambersburg, Pa; treasurer, A. H. Lourie, Elgin, Ill.

A number of papers were read in the editorial convention this morning, including one on "Newspaper Bookkeeping." Considerable discussion was raised in the convention by an amendment providing for membership in the association to be limited to membership of state editorial associations. It was voted down and the constitution and by-laws were adopted with a few admendments.

COLLOQUY BETWEEN A COLLAR DEMOCRAT AND AN INDEPENDENT VOTER.

Arranged From Sam Hanker in Progressive Farmer.

Independent Voter.—We want to know what you want, anyway!

Collar Democrat. We want to fill all the offices, high and low; we want to rule this country.

I. V.—What particular qualifications do you claim?

C. D.—We claim the sense, we claim the honesty and we claim the patriotism.

I. V.—What do you think of the Farmers' Alliance?

C. D.—It has a great many honest men, but its leaders are demagogues, soreheads and cranks.

I. V.—What do you think of a democratic house making an assault on an agricultural industry and relieving the New England manufacturers of free wool?

C. D.—Oh, that will be a great benefit to the farmer!

I. V.—Why did you not try and benefit the manufacturers first in that way?

C. D.—These sheep-raisers are all republicans, and those down South won't kick for fear of the nigger.

I. V.—Then you have taken advantage of the farmer to try your experiments, on account of his weakness to defend himself. You claim special qualifications for office, what is your idea of honesty?

C. D.—I have a very exalted notion of honesty. Any man who does not support the nominee of his party is dishonest and base.

I. V.—But suppose he has had nothing to do with his nomination?

C. D.—Ah well, if he has nothing to do with politics and the interest of his country, he is an insignificant wretch anyhow.

I. V.—You want then a man to promise to vote for a man before he knows who he may be, and endorse his principles before they are announced, and if he don't do it he, in your idea of honest, is dishonest and base?

C. D.—Yes, if he has taken part in conventions.

I. V.—If he attends a primary and don't vote for the nominee for president he is a dishonest man?

C. D.—Yes, of course! He has had a hand in his nomination.

I. V.—The presidential nominee may refuse to advocate what you have desired in your primaries?

C. D.—It matters not, he is dishonest and base.

I. V.—He may refuse to advocate what has been agreed upon in state convention.

C. D.—That don't alter the case.

I. V.—The nominee himself may be dishonest and immoral?

C. D.—That don't matter!

I. V.—He may be a democrat, and you can be a republican and be a democrat, as in the case of Horace Greely!

C. D.—Not necessary for you to multiply excuses, for I tell you the man is base and dishonest who will not pledge himself to vote for the nominee of his party, though he be unknown and his principles unknown. So he become the nominee that settles it.

I. V.—Suppose this nominee has policies by which I am robbed for somebody else, what then?

C. D.—You must consider that you have not sense enough to understand the situation, and put up with being robbed by one party to keep from being robbed by the other party and the niggers.

I. V.—This certainly places me in an awful fix. I cannot even protest against one robber for fear of another robber, and if I do I am a dishonest man, branded and published, whipped and maligned. This certainly is the best grand scene in the plutocratic tragedy.

C. D.—Oh, sir, the other party has the same rule!

I. V.—So much the worse for the freedom of our country. Before a man can gain any office of profit and trust in this nation he must part with his conscience and better judgement and become the low-flung tool of some faction.

C. D.—We want to put in our friends who have worked for the party, by way of remuneration.

I. V.—And not on account of merit?

C. D.—We'll fix that all right. Be obedient and submissive while we skin those other fellows, and the niggers will not leave a hair on you. We're your best friends, We're honest, patriotic and lovely. If you don't stand up to the nominee you're worse than an infidel, the most hateful compound of villianous human flesh in this country, white or black. You must not be bringing your grievances in our conventions, either. I desire this thing to be understood distinctly.

I. V.—Worse and worse! Robbed right and left and no avenue to make complaint! How would it do for all the oppressed people to associate and elect their own rules?

C. D.—Hell, fire and damnation! That would be ruin and destruction. Don't say it! Oh me, awful! Count us, if you do, your everlasting enemies! We'll join the Republicans and niggers or we'll subjugate you.

I. V.—You seem to want to rule with a rod of iron, and if you cannot succeed there is naught too base or dishonest for you to do.

C. D.—Go slow, friend! We're your best friends. The same measure we measure to you has been measured to us. We're not our own. We've been bought with a price—the surrender of all individual or local principles.

I.—V.—How's that?

C. D.—The principles of the primaries are surrendered at the county convention—of the county conventions at the state convention—of the state conventions at the national convention—of the national convention at the associated council of the city of New York to Wall street and Lombardy street, London. We are submissive, and if you are not we will force you to be. We have the nigger on one side and Wall street on the other. Be sociable friend, and don't kick against the pricks.

I. V.—We'll admit that we are in an awful condition. The country and the rights and liberties of the people are being sold for the emoluments of office. You say we can't be heard?

C. D.—Well, you can calmly howl as much as you want, but the party is king, and Wall street dictates to the king. Right or wrong the king must be obeyed. We've got you hemmed, flanked and surrounded. Leave us, and the other army of robbers will get you. Stay friend, and we will give you a fat office.

I. V.—We consider the people in a more deplorable condition than the miserable condition of the people were under the rule of Great Britain.

C. D.—Wait a while and give our party power, and we will reinstate you in justice and freedom.

I. V.—Vain hope! We can't gather grapes from thorns, nor figs from thistles. The party which will waive rights to gain power, will repudiate them to retain power.

Surrendered Sixteen Years Afterwards.

Denton, Tex., May 26.—George Mannel, a negro who was indicted in 1877 for killing E. H. Lamb, a white man, near Lewisville in this county and who in December, 1878 made his escape and has been at large ever since, came in to day and gave himself up to the officers.

A Good Hit.

Men who feel themselves fully posted in finance say that money is lying idle in New York City, therefore money must be plentiful. There is also an abundance of water in the gulf, but it would puzzle the people of south-west Texas to draw enough of it out to supply moisture for the arid fields and pastures of that section. And it would bother these same gentlemen who think money plentiful to draw enough money from Wall street to supply the demands of our stagnated trade.—Mercury.

When you need a friend don't pick out the man whose dog never wants to follow him.

PROVEN AT LAST.

How the Infamous Crime Was Accomplished—The Prostitution of Congress.

From the Rocky Mountain News, Denver, Colorado, May 12, 1892.

Mr. Frederick A. Luckenbach is a citizen of Denver, and is well and favorably known by many of Colorado's leading business men. He has been engaged for two years past in introducing his pneumatic pulverizer, and has met with flattering success. It having come to the ears of Mr. M. H. Slater, chairman of the executive committee of the State Silver league, that Mr. Luckenbach possessed the startling information contained in the affidavit, that energetic gentleman immediately waited upon him and induced him to put the whole story in explicit form and give it to the public.

This Mr. Luckenback did, and the result is the affidavit published below:

State of Colorado }
County of Arapahoe } s. s.

Frederick A. Luckenbach, being first duly sworn on oath, deposes and says: I am 62 years of age. I was born in Bucks county, Pennsylvania. I removed to the city of Philadelphia in the year 1846, and continued to reside there until 1866, when I removed to the city of New York. In Philadelphia I was in the furniture business. In New York I branched into machinery and inventions, and am the patentee of Luckenbach's pneumatic pulverizer, which machines are now in use generally in the eastern part of the United States and in Europe. I now reside in Denver, having removed from New York two years ago. I am well known in New York. I have been a member of the produce exchange and am well acquainted with many members of that body. I am well known by Chastus Wyman.

In the year 1865, I visited London, England, for the purpose of placing there Pennnsylvania oil properties in which I was interested. I took with me letters of introduction to many gentlemen in London—one of them to Mr. Earnest Seyd, from Robert M. Foust, ex-treasurer of Philadelphia. I became well acquainted with Mr. Seyd, and thereafter every year and at each visit renewed my acquaintance with Mr. Seyd, and upon each occasion became his guest one or more times—joining his family at dinner or other meals.

In February 1874, while on one of these visits, and while his guest for dinner, I among other things, alluded to rumors afloat, of parliamentary corruption, and expressed astonishment that such corruption should exist. In reply to this he told me that he could relate facts about the coruption of the American congress that would place it far ahead of the English parliament in that line. So far was the conversation at the dinner table between us. His brother, Richard and others were there also, but this was table talk between Mr. Ernest Seyd and myself. After the dinner ended he invited me to another room, where he resumed the conversation about the legislative corruption. He said: "If you will pledge me your honor as a gentleman not to divulge what I am about to tell you while I live, I will convince you that what I said about the American congress is true." I gave him the promise and he then continued. "I went to American in the winter of 1872—73, authorized to secure, if I could, the passage of a bill demonetizing silver. It was to the interest of those I represented—the governors of the bank of England—to have it done. I took with me £100,000 sterling, with instructions that if that was not sufficient to accomplish the object to draw for another £100,000, or as much more as was necessary." He told me German bankers were also interested in having it accomplished. He said he was the financial adviser of the bank. He said: 'I saw the committee of the house and senate and stayed in American until I knew the measure was safe." I asked if he would give me the names of the members to whom he paid the money—but this he declined to do. He said: "Your people will not now comprehend the far reaching extent of that measure—but they will in after years. Whatever you may think of corruption in the English parliament, I assure you, I would not have dared to make such an attempt here, as I did in your country." I expressed my shame to him for my countrymen in our legislative bodies. The conversation drifted into other subjects, and after that—though I met him many times—the matter was never again referred to.

[Signed] Frederick A. Luckenbach

Subscribed and sworn to before me at Denver, the 9th day of May, A. D. 1892.

[Signed.] James A. Miller,
Clerk Supreme Court, State of Colorado [seal.]

Concerning the above the News has this to say editorially:

The name of Mr. Ernest Seyd, the agent of the English and German bankers, has always been connected with the demonetization of silver by the American congress. It has been charged for many years and never explicitly denied that he brought with him £100,000 to spend in getting the demonetization measure through congress. It is a fact that he was before the congressional committee upon the subject, and Mr. Hooper, a member from Massachusetts, spoke of the valuable aid given to the committee in revising the coinage laws by that eminent financier, Mr. Ernest Seyd.

But never until now has proof of its appeared in authenic form over the signature and oath of a respectable gentleman. The proof is [illegible] given in such form at last enemies of silver can no longer shun it or pass it over with a disdainful shrug. The charge that silver was demonetized through the bribery of American congressmen by an agent of English and German bankers for the purpose of enriching the money kings of Europe and pauperizing the farmers and other laborers of the United States is now substantiated by creditable proof. It is an exposure that will make clearer than ever the great crime of 1873.

Rather Gloomy.

There is another delightful example of "harmony" in Marion county which will have its effect, if it isn't soon stopped. Mr. Moore, who captured Marion county's endorsement for congress, is having a bitter fight made on him by some of the leading republicans of his own county. Judge Foote, editor of the Marion Times one of the leading republican papers of that county, says he obtained his nomination by fraud, and could not poll half the republican votes of his county. If this everlasting scrapping over the offices doesn't end, there won't be a republican in the state who will have an office to "scrap" over after the election. —Topeka (Kan.) Journal, Rep.

Little drops of Grove,
Little grains of Dave
Make their busted party
Mighty hard to save.
—Jefferson Jimplecute.

If the democratic party is to continue playing the miserable coward, it will be but love's labor lost to name a ticket. Gehenna's brimstone will spare an ice ball as quick as the wrath of a deceived people will spare a party professing so much and doing so little.—Waco Day.

I want to say something for H. E. McCulloch. I soldiered under him, and believe him to be one of the best men in Texas, in war or peace, and we old soldiers want him for governor. I believe he can carry twenty-five thousand more votes than any other man in the state.—J. B. Wells, Farmersville.

No man can be happy without exercising the virtue of a cheerful industry or activity. No man can lay in his claim to happiness, I mean the happiness that shall last through the fair run of life, without chastity, without sobriety, without economy, without self command, and consequently, without fortitude, and let me add, without a liberal and forgiving spirit.—Good.

Alliance Lectures.

John T. Branch will give public lectures at the following places and on the following dates. All lectures at night. He has something interesting to tell the public and is anxious for everybody to come out and hear him. Ladies are especially welcome. Friends will please advertise the meetings in their respective communities.

Richards, Friday, June 3.
Sellars, Saturday, June 4.
Blue Ridge, Monday, June 6.

People's Party Call.

As the Reform parties (Jeffersonian democrats and what is called people's party) have joined forces. It now become necessary that all reformers meet at their respective places on the 4th day of June, and elect delegates to the county meeting, which will be on the 11th day of June. This change is made to conform to the joint call. The basis of representation to be one delegate for every ten votes cast at such boxes at the last state election.

D. C. Flippen,
Temporary Chairman.

There has been some confusion about the place of meeting to select delegates. Owing to the fact that the first call was to meet at the school-houses, if any community deems it more convenient to meet at their court-house to select delegates, these delegates, we are informed, will, in all probability be recognized.—Ed.

The man who pretends never to see your faults, or tries to make you think they are your virtues instead, is not the man who makes a reliable friend. On the other hand it is the man who, while not ever ready to betray them to the outside world or make them appear greater than they really are, yet tries to help you rid yourself of them and see yourself as others see you is the reliable friend.

Governor Hogg deliberately informed the legislature that if an elective commission bill was passed he would exercise his veto power.—McKinney Democrat.

And no member of the legislature has ever come forward and said that Governor Hogg ever did any such thing, and Capt. Brown says the Governor did not say it. You ought to state facts.—Van Alstyne News.

Lebanon (Ore.) Advance:

Personally we have not much to say against any man who takes advantage of our banking laws and thereby amasses a fortune. What we as alliance men object to is the robber system which was "conceived in sin and born in iniquity," as a sort of incubator for hatching early millionaires.

"I can take 100 words a minute," said the stenographer. "I often take more than that," remarked the other in sorrowful accents; "but then I have to. I'm married."

Little Wife—I saved thirty dollars today. Loving husband—You're an angel. How? Little Wife—I saw a perfectly lovely easy chair that I knew you'd like, and I didn't buy it.

During every campaign for the last 30 years, the politicians have promised the working people better wages and the farmers better times, but the promise has failed as often as it has been made. So long as American labor must compete on a gold standard with British India on a silver standard, American wages cannot be made better, and until the American laborer is better paid the American farmer cannot expect him to make a better market for the products of the farm.—Progressive Farmer.

Mr. Morris Parke—Are you in this race, Sambo?

Sambo—Wad race, sah?

Mr. Morris Parke (wittily)—The human race!

Sambo—Ya-as, sah; I'se dark hoss, sah.—Puck.

Mrs. Smitem—"Bobby, you bad boy, have you been fighting with Tommy Slimson again? Dear, dear! I shall have to get you a new suit." Bobby—"That's nothing, ma. You ought to see Tommy Slimson. His ma may have to get her a new boy."

The credit system is the most pernicious and damaging influence exerted over the business of the people. Credit is bound to be the prevailing system so long as there is insufficient money to do the business of the country. Expand the currency and destroy the credit system, and the first great step to prosperity will be assured. —Alliance Herald.

"I don't believe I am very popular with your father," said Herbert, sadly. "No," she answered frankly, "you are not." "Do you know of anything I could do to make him like me better?" I don't think of anything," she answered, after some thought, "unless you could go away somewhere and die."

Politics is controlled by men who own big money, or else by men who big money ov ns.—Chicago Express.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

DEAF [illegible] HEAD NOISES CURED BY [illegible] INVISIBLE TUBULAR EAR CUSHIONS. Whispers heard. Comfortable. Successful where all Remedies Fail. Ills. book & proofs free. Address: F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, New York.

A Family Affair
Health for the Baby,
Pleasure for the Parents,
New Life for the Old Folks.
Hires' Root Beer
THE GREAT TEMPERANCE DRINK
Is a family affair—a requisite of the home. A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons of a delicious, strengthening, effervescent beverage.
Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good" —'tis false. No imitation is as good as the genuine Hires'.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to a Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists
IF YOU CONSUMPTIVE
Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Take in time. 50 cts.
HINDERCORNS. The only safe cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

Dr. C. F. BROWN'S
YOUNG
TESTED
AMERICAN
35 YEARS
LINIMENT
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